CLOSED SHELF

The People's Korea

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Brilliant Victory Attained under Wise Leadership of Great Leader

On 16th Anniversary of Victory In Fatherland Liberation War

EDITORIAL

The 600,000 Korean residents in Japan greet the 16th anniversary of the historic victory in the great Fatherland Liberation War, in an atmosphere in which they come out as one in the anti-U.S. struggle for national salvation, upholding the historic report announced by Marshal Kim Il Sung at the Celebration of the 20th Anniversary of the Founding of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and his teachings given in the New Year's greetings addressed to Koreans here.

As is well known, the U.S. imperialists ignited the war in Korea on June 25, 1950, in an effort to occupy the whole of Korea and invade the Asian continent.

Nevertheless, sustaining irrecoverable defeats, military, political and moral, in the Korean War, the U.S. imperialists bent the knee to the Korean people and signed the Armistice Agreement on July 27, 1953.

They lost a man power, more than 1,090,000 strong, including their aggressor army of over 397,000, and large quantities of combat materials including more than 12,000 aircraft in this war, thereby suffering an ignominious defeat for the first time in their history of aggression.

The Korean people and the Korean People's Army who inherited the brilliant revolutionary traditions of the glorious anti-Japanese armed struggle, crushed the U.S. imperialist armed invaders and won the great historic victory, thus safeguarding with credit the freedom and independence of the country and making a remarkable contribution toward preserving the peace of Asia and of the world.

The historic victory of the Korean people in the Fatherland Liberation War was due to the correct and outstanding leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, the ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander and the genius of strategy.

Marshal Kim Il Sung armed the whole Party and people with the ever-victorious revolutionary ideas, the ideas of *Juche*, and the thoroughgoing anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. ideas during the life-and-death struggle against the U.S. imperialists, the enemy, and successfully organized and mobilized everything to smash the enemy.

Creatively applying Marxist-Leninist theories on war and principles of progressive military science to the realities of our country, the Leader put forth distinguished strategic and operational lines at each stage of the war and personally commanded the people to carry them out, thereby leading the Korean people and the People's Army to exploits and victory through the whole period of the war.

The great victory of the Korean people in the Fatherland Liberation War is of great historic significance.

Regarding this, Marshal Kim Il Sung said as follows:

"Our victory clearly showed that no force can ever conquer a people who firmly took their destinies in their hands and rose for the freedom, independence and progress of their fatherland under the leadership of a Marxist-Leninist Party. It also proved that the decisive factor in war victory lies not in the superiority of weapons or techniques but in the strength of the masses of the people who are deeply convinced of the justness of their cause and firmly united as one."

Because of the serious defeats sustained in the Korean War, the "myth" about the U.S. imperialists' "mightiness" was shattered into smithereens and their vulnerability laid bare before the world.

The political, military and moral defeat of the U.S. imperialists in the Korean War meant that they were on the downhill.

Indeed, the great victory of the Korean people in the Korean War and the severe defeat of the U.S. imperialists proved that those who resolutely fight with firm confidence, irrespective of the size of their countries, are able to successfully defeat the U.S. imperialists.

While promoting the revolution and construction in the northern half of the Republic after the war, the Workers' Party of Korea and the Government of the Republic have done everything in their power to convert the armistice into a durable peace and accomplish unification of the fatherland, the national aspiration of the Korean people.

However, the U.S. imperialists who have not given up their aggressive ambition for Korea, instead of drawing a due lesson from the serious defeat and of getting out of South Korea, have been continuously occupying South Korea and making desperate efforts to prepare for another aggressive war, pursuing the policy of national split and colonial plunder.

In a bid to realize by hook or by crook the aggressive aim the U.S. imperialist aggressors failed to accomplish in the aggressive Korean War, they hastened their war preparations after the ceasefire, while putting South Korea under their continued colonial military bases and systematically violating the Korean Armistice Agreement.

In order to trigger another war, the U.S. imperialist aggressors have increased South Korean puppet troops, modernized their military equipment, shipped tactical nuclear weapons and guided missiles—weapons of mass extermination—into South Korea, set up and expanded on a large scale all sorts of military bases and military installations including military airfields, harbors and strategic roads, on the one hand, and have been ceaselessly conducting military provocative acts against the northern half of the Republic.

The U.S. imperialists are openly drawing the Japanese militarist forces into the machinations to prepare for another war against the Korean people.

Since the warmaniac Johnson of U.S. imperialism junketed to South Korea in October of 1966 and directly whipped up war hysteria, the military provocative acts of the U.S. imperialist aggressors in Korea have been radically increased in a planned way.

Marshal Kim Il Sung, ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander, Chairman of the Military Committee and Supreme Commander of the Korean People's Army who led the great Fatherland Liberation War to a shining victory

As a link in the chain of the planned machinations to provoke a new war in Korea, the U.S. imperialist aggressors caused the incident of infiltrating the "Pueblo," the armed spy ship in January of 1968 and the incident of infiltrating the large-size spy plane in April of 1969.

All the facts show that the U.S. imperialists are entering into the stage of directly launching another war from the stage of war preparations.

On the other hand, the U.S. imperialists and their faithful lackeys Pak Jung Hi clique are suppressing the South Korean people in a fascist way under the criminal slogan of "anti-communism," for the purpose of oppressing and stamping out all the patriotic democratic forces which constitute an obstacle to the realization of their war policy.

Despite the strong protest and denunciation by the entire Korean people and peoples of the world, not content with the murder of Kim Jong Tai and Choi Yung Do, indomitable revolutionary fighters, the U.S. imperialists and their lackeys are working on a wicked plan to execute their comrades-in-arms and families en masse and staging a farce of murderous "trial" every day, while arresting and putting in jail numerous patriots and putting them on the bloody rack.

The root cause of all the misfortunes and hardships of the South Korean people lies in the occupation of South Korea by the U.S. imperialists and their policy of aggression. As long as the South Korean people keep the U.S. imperialists stationed in South Korea, they cannot live in peace even a day or accomplish unification of the divided country.

There is no reason why the U.S. imperialists stay any longer in South Korea. The U.S. imperialist aggressors must immediately withdraw from there, taking all the weapons of mass extermination.

The Korean people will thoroughly arm themselves with the great revolutionary ideas of Marshal Kim Il Sung and rallied rock-firm around him, resolutely fight to force the U.S. imperialists to get out of South Korea, sweep away the Pak Jung Hi clique and accomplish independent unification of the fatherland.

On the occasion of the "Month of Anti-U.S. Joint Struggle for the Withdrawal of U.S. Imperialist Aggressor Troops from South Korea," the progressive peoples of the world extended active support and encouragement to the Korean people in the just struggle.

We express deep thanks to the revolutionary peoples of the world for their firm solidarity with the Korean people in the struggle, and

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Wise Leadership, Outstanding Militar-Guarantee for Great Victory

On July 27, 1953, the Korean people emerged victorious from the Fatherland Liberation War thanks to the outstanding strategy and tactics of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader.

In the past 40 odd years from the start of his revolutionary activities Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, bringing into full play his wise leadership and outstanding strategy and tactics, defeated the Japanese imperialists and liberated the fatherland, and successfully defended the freedom and independence of the fatherland and the revolutionary gains by repelling the aggression launched by the American imperialists.

As he forced into submission Japanese and U.S. imperialism, the most vicious imperialism ever found in the history of mankind and led the Korean people to victory, Marshal Kim Il Sung won a high reputation as a brilliant military strategist and an ever-victorious iron-willed commander and has come to be known among the world's people as a great leader of anti-imperialist, ant-U.S. struggle and champion of justice and peace.

The shining victory of the Korean people in the fiercely-fought 1950-53 Fatherland Liberation War is unthinkable apart from Marshal Kim Il Sung's brilliant strategy and tactics.

He took all the heavy responsibilities as Chairman of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, Premier of the Cabinet of the DPRK, Chairman of the Military Committee and Supreme Commander of the Korean People's Army, and led the Korean people and the Korean People's Army to victory, personally overcoming all sorts of hardships and imposing the first serious defeat upon the U.S. imperialist aggressors who boasted of being "ever-victorious" and the "strongest" in the world and thereby sending them downhill.

On June 25, 1950, the U.S. imperialists, long intent on aggression against Korea, ignited the criminal aggressive war with a vicious view to occupying the whole of Korea and exploiting the Korean people as their slaves and even expanding the flames of war to the whole of the Asian continent.

The U.S. imperialists made all their frantic efforts to conquer

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at the same time, are convinced that they will step up the struggle to mutilate U.S. imperialism on a world scale.

Today the revolutionary might of the Korean people has grown and been strengthened incomparably more than it was when they crushed the U.S. imperialist armed invaders in the last Korean War.

The U.S. imperialists must look straight at the reality and should not act recklessly. If the U.S. imperialists ignore the repeated warnings of the Korean people and ignite another war, they will be wiped out off Korean soil once and for all.

Under the wise guidance of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, peerless patriot, national hero, ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander and one of the outstanding leaders of the international communist and working-class movements, the Korean people will surely force the U.S. imperialist aggressors to withdraw from South Korea and accomplish the national cause of unification of the fatherland.

the Korean people by throwing against them one-third of their Army, one-fifth of their Air Force and main parts of their naval fleets, troops of their 15 satellite countries and the South Korean puppet troops, two million in total troop strength, together with huge amounts of war materiel and by resorting to all sorts of unheard-of, inhuman and barbarous methods.

Unlike leaders of bourgeois countries, Marshal Kim Il Sung regarded war not only as military activities but as a political and revolutionary struggle. He attached greater importance to the mind and ideology of men who handle weapons than to weapons themselves. He was convinced that only the weapons in the hands of fighters inflamed with zeal for a cause, can win final victory.

Therefore, he maintained the original stand of countering the military superiority of the aggressors with the political and ideological superiority of the Korean people and the People's Army.

Marshal Kim Il Sung dealt mortal blows to the enemy by skillfully combining coup de main, ambush, allurement, city siege, night attack, and so on, taking into consideration the military situation and topographical conditions of Korea.

It is noteworthy that Marshal Kim Il Sung developed brilliant strategy and tactics in the course of the war, driving the enemy into utter confusion and terror.

Prompt all-out counterattack against the enemy's surprise attack, creation of a second front by large troops, large-scale encirclement by joint operations in the main front and the second front, defence of positions by large-troops centering on fortified tunnels, airplane-hunting group movements and use of snipers, never mentioned in any war books, represented the most outstanding strategy and tactics which satisfied the objective demands of the Korean War.

These tactics and strategy became a main factor for vanquishing the aggressors in the war and greatly contributed to development of Marxist-Leninist military sciences.

He also created and applied new strategy and tactics: Correct selection of the direction of the main attack, organic combination of various arms, concentrated use of fire power of artillery in mountain warfare, powerful coastal defence, use of ambush groups, use of mobile guns, guarantee of cooperation between the front line and the rear, and unity and cooperation between the Army and people.

Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, cordially talking with heroes and model fighters of the Korean People's Army (June, 1951)

These strategy and tactics created by him acquired greater momentum in complete agreement with the revolutionary self-reliance and mass heroism of the Korean people and the People's Army educated and trained by the Workers' Party of Korea headed by him.

The People's Army quickly frustrated the surprise assault of the U.S. imperialists and their puppets and shifted to all-out counterattack throughout the front. The Korean People's Army liberated Seoul on the third day from the start of the counterattack and wiped out the so-called "ever-victorious" U.S. 24th Division in less than two months after the counterattack.

At a hard time when the People's Army which had advanced to the Rakdong River, defying the desperate resistance of the enemy, was compelled to retreat for a time, Marshal Kim Il Sung skilfully combined operations on the front and those in the enemy-occupied areas, giving annihilating blows to the enemy.

As a result, the Koeran People's Army repulsed and smashed the repeated offensive attacks of the enemy, and defended the sacred land of the fatherland at the cost of blood by defeating the enemy.

Thus, the "myth" about the "mightiness" of the U.S. imperialist army was shattered asunder. Their internal contradictions which had come to the fore during the war, became insoluble.

The U.S. imperialist aggressors sustained political and moral defeats as well as military defeats. On the other hand, the Korean people gloried in their shining victory and have won the respect and love of the peace-loving peoples of the world.

The victory of the Korean people in the Fatherland Liberation War is indeed significant.

The Korean people and the Korean People's Army under the wise leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung not only safeguarded the freedom and independence of the fatherland but increased its international prestige.

Through the Fatherland Liberation War, the people's democratic system in the northern half of the DPRK was further consolidated and the political and ideological unity of the people also strengthened.

The victory of the Korean people revealed the vulnerability of U.S. imperialism, greatly inspiring the advance of progressive mankind who is struggling for peace and democracy, freedom and independence.

By winning the war, the Korean people and the People's Army safely defended the eastern post of the socialist camp, helping protect the security of mankind.

The whole course of the Korean War and its results vividly testified to Marshal Kim Il Sung's commanding art of *Juche* and its creative vitality and graphically showed that the Korean people led by him can make their way through any difficult circumstances.

The historic victory of the Korean people in the Fatherland Liberation War was a victory of the great political leadership and brilliant military art of Marshal Kim Il Sung and proved that no force can ever conquer the people who fight for the freedom and independence of their fatherland, under the guidance of a Marxist-Leninist Party, taking their destiny firmly in their hands.

It also proved that a decisive factor for victory in a war lies not in the superiority of weapons or technique but in the strength of the masses of people who are deeply convinced of the justness of their cause and firmly united as one.

Today, the oppressed peoples of the world, boundlessly encouraged by the victory achieved by the Korean people and looking up to Marshal Kim Il Sung, are now raising higher the flames of anti-

The fighters of the heroic Korean People's Army shouting on a height at the top of their voice the slogan: "Long Live Marshal Kim Il Sung!" "Long Live the Workers' Party of Korea!"

y Strategy of Marshal KIM IL SUNG, in Fatherland Liberation War

imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle across the world, with a firm conviction that even small countries can defeat U.S. imperialism.

With a great pride, revolutionaries and peoples of the world bear in their mind the teachings of Marshal Kim Il Sung:

"In the Korean War, the U.S. imperialists suffered a miserable military defeat for the first time in the history of the United States, and this meant the beginning of a downhill turn for U.S. imperialism. With the serious wound received in this war yet unhealed, the U.S. imperialists have been incessantly running the gauntlet of the revolutionary peoples of the world, and now they are sinking ever deeper into the morass of ruin."

The U.S. imperialists who became an underdog in the Korean War, have frantically pushed ahead with their plan to provoke a new war of aggression against the northern half of the Republic, instead of drawing a due lesson from their miserable defeat.

In flagrant violation of the Armistice Agreement, the U.S. imperialists are continuously bringing into South Korea new-type weapons of mass destruction to strengthen the wartime setup there and reinforce the puppet army, while energetically conducting military provocations against the northern half.

Marshal Kim Il Sung, taking into account the sharply aggravating situation in Korea, has directed great energy to the question of making the national defences impregnable in parallel with economic construction.

While maintaining the line of self-defence, Marshal Kim Il Sung has mobilized all the Party members and people to fully implement the military line of the Party whose basic content is to make the People's Army into a cadre army, modernize it, put all the people under arms and fortify the whole country.

He has armed the People's Armymen with the unitary ideology of the Party, socialist patriotism and indomitable revolutionary spirit, by strengthening political and ideological work among them.

In order to establish the all-people defence system and consolidate it, Marshal Kim Il Sung has strengthened the Worker-Peasant Red Militia politically, ideologically, militarily and technically. He has also made all the cadres and Party members acquire military knowledge and battle experience in the past Fatherland Liberation War.

Marshal Kim Il Sung has made strenuous efforts to strengthen the People's Army which is the mainstay of the defence system of the country, while vigorously conducting political and ideological work among all the Party members and people and People's Armymen and Worker-Peasant Red Militiamen.

In 1958 he set up the Worker-Peasant Red Militia in the face of the highly complex and explosive situation caused by the aggressive machinations of U.S. imperialism, while working hard to make the Korean People's Army into an army of which each member will be a match for one hundred foes. He has made untiring efforts to boost the combat capabilities of the militia.

Servicemen of the Korean Garrison making deep study of "On Our Revolution and the Tasks of the People's Army," selected works of Marshal Kim Il Sung to become revolutionary fighters, each man a match for a hundred foes

He has paid careful attention to the work of consolidating the rear which forms a material basis of the national defence capabilities, holding that it will vitally affect the outcome of war.

By converting the rear into a most reliable class rear and into a most secure material rear, Marshal Kim Il Sung has done his level best to make the People's Army into the revolutionary armed forces of people which enjoy the active political and moral support of all people and powerful material backing.

Through a vigorous execution of the line of developing economy in parallel with national defences, he has built up a firm economic guarantee which can not only make the country rich and improve the livelihood of people but to satisfy the needs of national defence buildup.

As a result of a thorough implementation of the military line put forth by the Leader, the northern half of the Republic has come to possess an impregnable all-people defence system; all the people and the People's Army are now fully prepared to reliably defend the fatherland, drive the enemy out of South Korea and unify the fatherland, thanks to the fortified positions and secure rear.

Marshal Kim Il Sung said as follows:

"We can say with confidence that we have a steel-strong defence power in the northern half of the Republic capable of countering any imperialist aggression."

The Korean people sank the escort craft No. 56 in January, 1967 when it shamelessly intruded into the DPRK territorial waters and committed piratic acts, and captured the "Pueblo" with all its crew aboard, which was a modern spy ship with highly sophisticated equipment, contrary to the expectation of the enemy that the ship would never be captured.

On April 15 last, the People's Army shot down with a single shot a large-size modern spy plane of the U.S. imperialist aggressors as it intruded deep into the territorial airspace of the Republic, dealing another serious blow to the enemy.

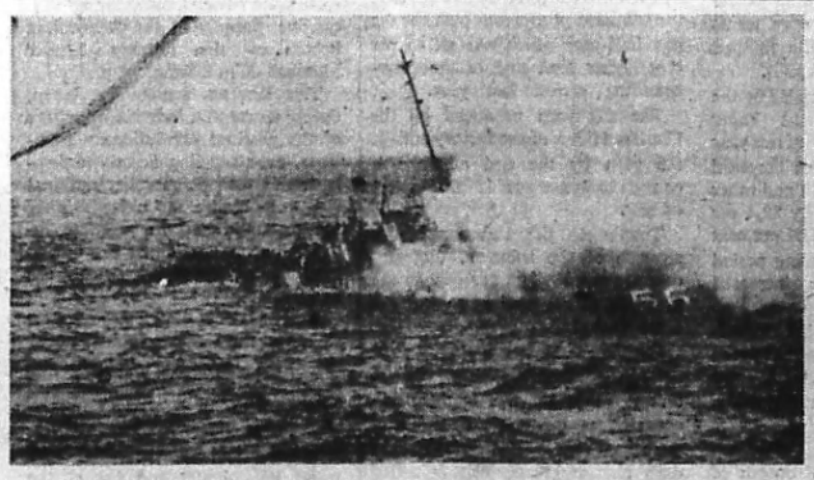
This showed that the "myth" about the "mightiness" of U.S. imperialism was exploded in Korea yesterday and has been exploded again in Korea today.

The frantic machinations of the U.S. imperialists to find a way out from their approaching ruin by provoking a new war of aggression against the Korean people, have aggravated the situation in Korea to a point where a new war may be ignited by the U.S. imperialists at any moment.

All the people and the Korean People's Army are firmly determined to return retaliation for "retaliation" of the U.S. imperialists and an all-out war for an all-out war and deliver another severe defeat to them.

No force can bar the advance of the Korean people who are under the leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the revolution, ever-victorious iron-willed commander and brilliant military strategist, and their revolutionary cause is ever-victorious.

The valorous Korean People's Armymen boundlessly faithful to the Leader are firmly determined and fully prepared to defend the socialist fatherland which has been turned into an impregnable fortress.



The shore battery of the Korean People's Army sunk on Jan. 19, 1967 to the bottom of the sea the U.S. imperialist aggressors' escort boat No. 56 which committed hostile acts in the DPRK territorial waters.

The crew of the armed spy ship "Pueblo" of the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops were captured on Jan. 23 last year by the self-defence measure of the heroic Navy of the Korean People's Army.

Warm Care of Marshal KIM IL SUNG for Women

—On 23rd Birthday of Announcement of Law on Equality of Sexes—

All the women of the northern half of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea are bringing their talent and ability into full play under the most advanced socialist system provided by Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, and are making an active contribution to the socialist construction of the country.

The women who suffered from the lack of rights and maltreatment under the colonial rule of Japanese imperialism before the Liberation, subjected to two-fold, three-fold oppression and exploitation, are now working as worthy socialist working women in high spirits as revolutionary fighters of the Leader in all domains of the national economy to their hearts' content.

Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, proclaimed the Law on the Equality of the Sexes on July 30, 1946, 23 years ago from now, to liberate the Korean women from the oppression and exploitation of the old society and to realize their centuries-old aspiration.

Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, said as follows:

"The Law on the Equality of the Sexes removed the fetters of old feudal oppression and humiliation from the women, who made up half the population, and provided them with conditions for taking part in the political, economic and cultural life of the country on an equal footing with men."

The announcement of the Law on the Equality of the Sexes has brought about an epochal change for the complete solution of the women's question and raised the women's movement of the northern half of the Republic to a higher stage. It also instilled the strength and the confidence in victory into the hearts of the fighting South Korean women and enlightened women in many countries of the world who fight for freedom, liberation and equal rights.

Already from the first days he set out on the road of the revolutionary struggle and mapped out the future of the Korean revolution, Marshal Kim Il Sung considered the women's revolution as

Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, always finding himself among women workers and extending every kind of paternal solicitude to them

one of the basic problems of the Korean revolution and has since indicated a clear direction and lines for its correct solution.

Conducting revolutionary activities in various areas, he organized women's organizations and widely conducted political and enlightenment work among women, educating them in anti-Japanese ideas and in a revolutionary spirit of hating the exploiting classes of landlords and capitalists and of struggling against them uncompromisingly.

A large number of women educated and trained in the women's association and various other anti-Japanese women's organizations under the personal leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung, joined the anti-Japanese guerrilla units and mercilessly beat down the Japanese imperialist aggressors, holding arms in their hands.

In the flames of the arduous anti-Japanese armed struggle the deep roots of the Workers' Party of Korea and of the revolution grew, and diverse and precious assets were gained in the women's movement—the organization and activities of women's revolutionary organizations, work among the masses of women of all strata and the work of assisting the revolutionary army, the work of educating and bringing up children into ardent revolutionaries, and revolutionizing families, and political and enlightenment work among the women.

These brilliant revolutionary traditions and priceless experiences of the women's movement developed in the anti-Japanese armed struggle became an important foundation for the Korean women's movement, which was splendidly inherited and developed in the northern half of the Republic after the Liberation on August 15, 1945.

Marshal Kim Il Sung who triumphantly returned home after defeating the Japanese imperialist aggressors set forth a correct line for the solution of the women's question in Korea by creatively developing the rich experiences accumulated in the anti-Japanese armed struggle to suit the situation of liberated Korea.

He founded the Korean Democratic Women's Union, the political organization of women, on November 18, 1945, and has led the women to improve its work systems and work methods by making clear its duties and tasks which have to be carried out in each period and each stage of the revolution. As a result, all the women in the northern half of the Republic have come to unite themselves around their own powerful revolutionary mass organizations, more actively take part in the socio-economic life and more fully prepare themselves as constructors of socialism and communism under the wise leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung.

Besides, he, stressing the need for raising the ideological and cultural levels of the women as an important means of solving the women's question, called on all the women to launch a crusade against illiteracy and cultural enlightenment through the Movement for General Mobilization of Nation-Building Ideas. He urged them to learn fully through various educational systems and social educational networks as well as at mothers' schools.

Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, not only brought liberation to the women of the northern half of the Republic but also provided them with all the conditions to enable them to take an active part in the revolution and construction.

He took a measure to enable women to take a 14-day regular leave every year and, in the case of mothers, take a 77-day maternity leave, and women with many children are privileged to enjoy the benefit of the 6-hour work day.

Also guaranteed are conditions enabling women to participate in public activities without any worry, by nurseries and kindergartens in factories, enterprises, cooperative farms and other working places and by thorough dietetic and hygienic measures for the children.

Indeed, the social status and situation of Korean women has been changed fundamentally in the northern half of the country.

More than 33,600 women are working as deputies to the Supreme People's Assembly and Local People's Councils of all levels in the country. There are over 100,000 women engineers, assistant engineers and specialists engaged in various domains of the national economy.

They are devoting all their energy to the socialist construction of the country and effecting great innovations in all domains of the national economy holding aloft the lines and policies set forth by Marshal Kim Il Sung, who has brought them today's happiness, while striving to prepare themselves as firm and faithful soldiers of the Leader.

We don't know such happy women in the world as the women in the northern half of the DPRK who are working with pride, learning to their hearts' content and lead a happy life under the wise leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung and his warm care.

Today, boundlessly respecting and admiring him, the women of the southern half of the country are also waging a strenuous struggle against the U.S. imperialist aggressors, the sworn enemy, and its stooges Pak Jung Hi clique to bring earlier the day of unification of the country when they can live happily in the benevolent bosom of the fatherly Leader Marshal Kim Il Sung.

The Korean women in Japan, deeply aware that they are inheritors of the glorious revolutionary traditions, are struggling fiercely to firmly defend their democratic, national rights, including the citizenship of the Republic and to promote independent unification of the fatherland in one mind faithful to the Leader.

Only victory and glory are in store for the Korean women under the wise leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, peerless patriot, national hero, ever-victorious iron-willed commander and one of the outstanding leaders of the international communist and working-class movements.

Results in Struggle to Occupy Textile Height of 7-Year Plan

Socialist working women in the northern half of the DPRK continuously raising the flames of innovation in a textile factory equipped with up-to-date technique

Weavers of our country are scoring big successes in the grandiose struggle to occupy the textile height of the Seven-Year Plan this year.

The members of the Choi Yung Keum Chullima Work Team of the youth weaving shop of the factory where comrade Huh Chang Kook works, completed the textile production plan for this year eight months ahead of schedule by conducting technical management well and vigorously waging the Multi-Spindle and Multi-Machine Tending Movement and many shops, work teams and weavers have already fulfilled their yearly plans with credit.

According to data compiled by the Ministry of Textile and Paper Industries, in the first half of this year the output of cotton fabrics increased by 16.2 per cent, silk cloth and other high quality silk fabrics by 22.4 per cent and underwear by 23.6 per cent as against the corresponding period last year through the increased production struggle of weavers.

The output of vinalon mixed-spun fabrics produced by use of reed and limestone abundant in our country went up by 42 per cent in this period.

The proportion of vinalon mixed-spun fabrics in the total output of textiles rose to 31 per cent in the first half of this year from 19.4 per cent at the end of last year.

The workers and technicians of the factory where comrade Paik Eui Myung works, a production base of high quantity silk fabrics, are successfully carrying out this year's plan, set 28 per cent higher than last year's helping and pulling each other along.

They increased the assortment of silk fabrics by 120 kinds in the first half of this year.

The workers of the Chullima factory where comrade Li Joon Hi works fulfilled ahead of the set time the silk yarn production plan for the first half year which was set 45 per cent higher than that of the corresponding period last year.

The silk yarn produced by the Chullima riders of the factory outside the plan by the end of June is enough to weave over 111,000 meters of silk.

Thanks to the vigorous labour struggle of the spinners, the yarn output grew by 48.6 per cent in the first half of the year as against the same period last year.

Entering July, the workers in the domain of textile industry in different parts of the country are charging toward the textile height of the Seven-Year Plan, carrying out the daily plan at 123 per cent in textile production, 120 per cent in knitwear and 170 per cent in silk yarn on an average. **(KCNA)**

Month of Anti-U.S. Joint Struggle for Withdrawal of U.S. Imperialist Aggressor Troops from S. Korea (*June 25-July 27*)

World People Are with Korean People

On the occasion of the "Month of Anti-U.S. Joint Struggle for the Withdrawal of U.S. Imperialist Aggressor Troops from South Korea," the world's people are expressing full support to and firm solidarity with the just struggle of the Korean people and condemning the U.S. imperialist aggressors for running wild in their new war provocation manoeuvres in Korea.

DRV

Round-table conversations on Korea were held in Hanoi under the auspices of the **Vietnam-Korea Friendship Association.**

Vu Cong Tpuyet, Minister of Puplic Health of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam, who had visited the DPRK some time ago spoke on the occasion.

S. VIETNAM

The South Vietnam Liberation Press Agency in a commentary exposed and denounced the new war provocation manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialists and their stooges and their suppression of the South Korean patriots.

CUBA

The Cuban Organizing Committee for Solidarity with Korea and many other organizations of Cuba issued a joint statement on the occasion of the "Month of Anti-U.S. Joint Struggle for the Withdrawal of U.S. Imperialist Aggressor Troops from South Korea," according to a report from Havana.

The joint statement in the name of functionaries of public organizations of Cuba pointed to the fact that though the U.S. imperialists perpetrated most heinous criminal atrocities by mobilizing their armed forces and even troops of 15 satellite countries, they got nothing in their war of aggression aganist the Korean people and bent the knee before the Korean people.

The Cuban people always stand and will stand forever in future side by side with the Korean people in one trench in the just struggle for driving the U.S. imperialists out of their land and in face of any imperialist aggression.

A mass meeting was held in Matanzas, Cuba, recently.

Placed respectfully on the platform was a portrait of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, and a portrait of Premier Fidel Castro.

From before the opening of the meeting, the attendants loudly shouted "Long live Comrade Kim Il Sung!" expressing their unbounded reverence and adoration for him.

They also repeatedly shouted the slogan "U.S. Imperialists, Quit South Korea at Once!"

Speaking on the occasion **Roberto Berlen,** Secretary for **Education of the Matanzas Provincial Committee of the Cuban Communist Party,** expressed the conviction that the Korean people possessed of the precious experiences gained in the anti-Japanese armed struggle waged under the wise guidance of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the Korean people, would certainly defeat the U.S. imperialists and win still greater victories in the cause of socialist construction.

USSR

A meeting of representatives of **Moscow Public Circles** was held in the Central House of Culture in Moscow on the occasion of the "Month of Anti-U.S. Joint Struggle for the Withdrawal of U.S. Imperialist Aggressor Troops from South Korea."

Hanging on walls of the hall were national flags of the two countries and the slogan: "Long Live the Everlasting Friendship and Cooperation between the Soviet and Korean Peoples."

Attending the meeting together with Moscow citizens were **S.B. Niyazbekov,** vice-President of **the Presidium of the USSR Supreme Soviet,** and responsible functionaries of Party and public organizations.

The meeting was first addressed by **A.V. Sofronov,** vice-Chairman of **the Soviet Committee for Afro-Asian Solidarity.**

The resolution vehemently denounced the U.S. imperialists for bringing new-type weapons and combat materiel and military equipment into South Korea in systematic violation of the Armistice Agreement, reinforcing the South Korean puppet army and stepping up war preparations in South Korea, thus creating tension in the Korean Peninsula.

MONGOLIA

In Mongolia a solidarity meeting denouncing the new war provocation manoeuvres of U.S. imperialism in Korea and supporting the just struggle of the Korean people was held under the sponsorship of **the Mongolian Afro-Asian Solidarity Committee.**

POLAND

According to a report from Warsaw, a recent issue of Polish paper **"Zolniesz Wolnosc"** in an article supported all the measures taken by the Government of the DPRK and denounced the U.S. imperialists and their stooges for refusing to accept the proposal of the DPRK Government on putting an end to the partition of the country and achieving its unification.

GDR

The "World Congress against the Danger of New War and for Peace" was held in Berlin from June 21 to 24.

The report at the sub-committee meeting which discussed the question of colonialism, neo-colonialism and national independence stressed:

The U.S. imperialists keep illegally occupying South Korea. This is a typical form of neo-colonialism. The U.S. imperialists must immediately withdraw from South Korea.

The question of Korea's unification should be solved by the Korean people themselves on a democratic basis and in a peaceful way without any outside interference.

HUNGARY

The Hungarian Union of Young Communists and **Patriotic People's Front** sponsored recently a meeting at the electric insulating materials and vinyl factory in Bach-Kishkun Province, Hungary.

Palszi, Director of **the International Department of the Central Committee of the Hungarian Union of Young Communists,** spoke at the meeting.

BULGARIA

According to a report from Sofia, a rally was held in Mikhailovgrad, Bulgaria. Delivering a report at the meeting, **Asen Yosijov,** vice-Chairman of **the Mikhailovgrad Provincial Committee of the Fatherland Front of Bulgaria,** quoted the words of Marshal Kim Il Sung: **"In the Korean War, the U.S. imperialists suffered a miserable military defeat for the first time in the history of the United States, and this meant the beginning of a downhill turn for U.S. imperialism."**

Denouncing the U.S. imperialists, the most ferocious enemy of mankind, for intensifying all the more feverishly the aggressive manoeuvres for igniting a new war in Korea, doggedly hindering the peaceful unification of Korea, he stressed: The determined self-defence measures taken by the Government of the DPRK such as seizing the U.S. imperialist armed spy ship "Pueblo" and shooting down the spy plane "E.C.-121" were entirely lawful acts.

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

A report from Prague said that Czechoslovak paper **"Rude Pravo"** carried an article.

It expressed allout support to and solidarity with the struggle of the Korean people for expelling the U.S. imperialist occupationist troops and achieving the unification of the country.

The paper demanded the United Nations revoke all its illegal resolutions on the "Korean question" and dissolve the "U.N. Commission for the Unification and Rehabilitation of Korea."

ALGERIA

According to a report from Algiers, a mass meeting was held recently in El Asnam City, the seat of El Asnam Province, in the central plains of Algeria.

The meeting unanimously adopted amid thunderous applause of the entire attendants a message to Marshal Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and Head of State of the DPRK.

Saidi Mejyazi, Chairman of **the El Asnam Provincial Committee of the Algerian National Liberation Front,** spoke first at the meeting. He said:

The Algerian people who won independence through a protracted armed struggle once again voice firm solidarity with the Korean people who are all-out in the righteous cause of peace, justice and the unification of their fatherland. Victory belongs to the Korean people. The Korean people will surely unify their fatherland.

Then the floor was taken by **Meker Bakader,** vice-Chairman of the El Asnam Provincial Committee of the Algerian National Liberation Front.

He remarked: The revolutionary struggle of the Korean people led by Premier Kim Il Sung is of weighty importance in the struggle of the world people for justice and dignity and in the struggle against imperialism and colonialism.

SYRIA

A rally was held in the auditorium of Damascus University on July 9 under the auspices of **the Syrian Committee for Afro-Asian Solidarity.**

Moustafa Haddad, Minister of **Higher Education,** spoke there on behalf of **the Syrian Committee for Afro-Asian Solidarity.**

BURMA

A mass meeting was held in Rangoon denouncing the new war provocation manoeuvres of U.S. imperialism in Korea and demanding the immediate withdrawal of the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops from South Korea, under the cosponsorship of **the Burmese Afro-Asian Solidarity Committee, Burmese Council for World Peace and Burma-Korea Friendship Association.**

U Aung Lwin, Chairman of the Burma-Korea Friendship Association, spoke first at the meeting.

U Rajo, General Secretary of the Burmese Afro-Asian Solidarity Committee, spoke next.

A joint statement of the Burmese Afro-Asian Solidarity Committee, Burmese Council for World Peace and Burma-Korea Friendship Association, was unanimously adopted at the meeting.

World Peace Council Demands U.S. Imperialist Forces Pull Out of S. Korea without Delay

In connection with the "Month of Anti-U.S. Joint Struggle for the Withdrawal of U.S. Imperialist Aggressor Troops from South Korea," an appeal supporting the struggle of the Korean people was unanimously adopted at the Plenary Session of the World Peace Council.

The appeal pointed out:

The World Peace Council strongly demands that the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops illegally occupying South Korea under the signboard of "U.N. Forces" pull out of South Korea without delay.

The World Peace Council supports the just stand of the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea that the question of Korea's unification should be solved by the Korean people themselves independently on democratic principles and in a peaceful way without any interference of outside forces following the withdrawal of all foreign troops from South Korea.

The World Peace Council holds that the United Nations must no longer be used as a tool of U.S. imperialism and must repeal all the "resolutions" on the "Korean question" which it has illegally adopted so far and take a measure for dissolving the "U.N. Commission for the Unification and Rehabilitation of Korea."

The appeal emphasized: In order to realize the peaceful unification of Korea, it is imperative to thoroughly overthrow the fascist terror rule of U.S. imperialism and its running dogs, Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, and ensure the democratic development of South Korean society.

Prior to the adoption of the appeal, **Romesh Chandra,** General Secretary of the World Peace Council, spoke.

After expressing solidarity with the struggle of the South Korean patriots, the General Secretary said: The World Peace Council voices solidarity with the Korean people in their struggle for settling the question of Korea's unification independently without any interference of outside forces and military intervention of U.S. imperialism.

At the Plenary Session a resolution of the U.S. delegation on the Korean situation was announced.

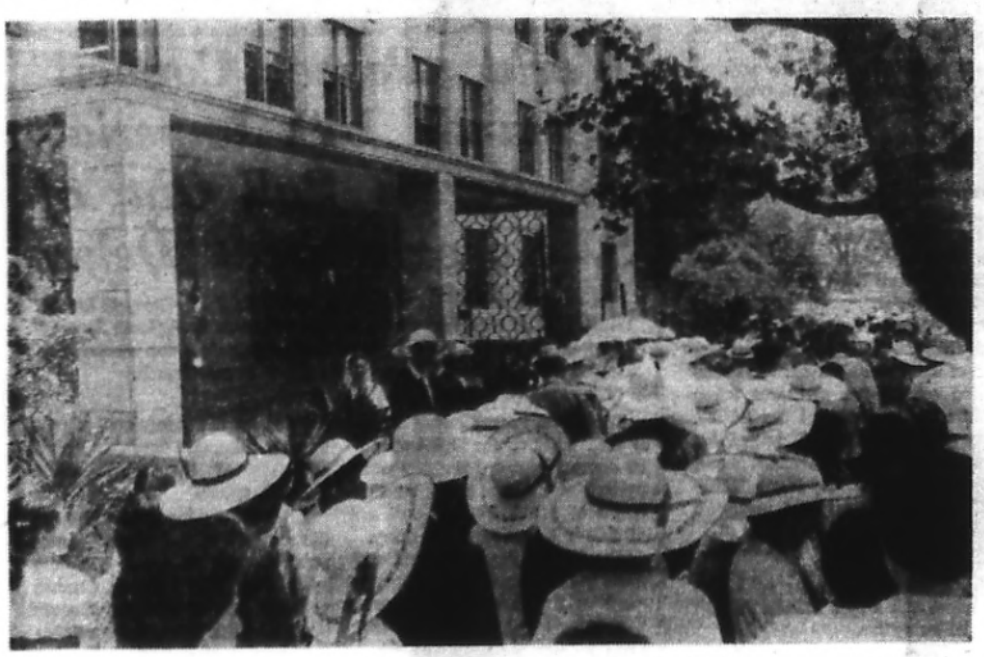
Pointing out that the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops must stop all the military provocations and quit South Korea without delay.

The resolution stressed that the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique must immediately release the South Korean patriots whom they illegally arrested and detained.

Reading the resolution, the U.S. delegate declared: "Back home, we will launch a struggle in various forms for the withdrawal of U.S. troops from Korea and for the discontinuation of all acts of the U.S. against the Korean people."

Down with U.S. Imperialism, the Common Enemy!

Japanese Gov't Must Withdraw "Immigration Control Bill" at Once and Ensure All National Rights for Koreans Here



Almost daily Koreans in Japan are visiting the Japanese Government authorities, strongly demanding the immediate withdrawal of the criminal "Immigration and Emigration Control Bill."

The Japanese Government is trying to railroad by hook or by crook the so-called "Immigration and Emigration Control Bill" through the current Diet session, and on May 15 last, it referred the "bill" to the Legal Affairs Committee of the Lower House and recklessly committed a grave criminal act of starting "deliberations" just after "explaining the reasons for the proposition," resorting to blitzkrieg tactics.

The Japanese Government authorities consider that it is difficult to pass the "Immigration and Emigration Control Bill" submitted to the current Diet in its original form in face of strong public denunciation at home and abroad, and are trying to forcibly pass it by proposing revisions in its unessential parts.

They are trying to cover up the nature of the "bill" by insisting that its contents were considered from the standpoint of Korean people here.

However, it is plain to everyone that this "amendment" is aimed at suppressing and expelling 600,000 Korean citizens here.

Having failed three times in the past to pass the "Foreigners' School Bill" through the Diet in face of the stubborn struggle of Korean citizens here, strong protests of the peoples of Korea and Japan and broad world public opinion, the Japanese Government is scheming to lay a "legal foundation" for enacting this evil law at any time by bringing this "bill" before the Diet not as a separate bill but by including it in the "Bill for Partial Amendment to the School Education Law."

The Foreign Ministry of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea already issued a statement scathingly denouncing the suppressive manoeuvres against Korean people here by the Japanese Government.

The 600,000 Korean citizens here ardently support the statement of the Foreign Ministry of the DPRK.

The reckless machinations of the Japanese Government authorities to forcibly enact simultaneously the so-called "Immigration and Emigration Control Bill" and the "Bill for Partial Amendment to the School Education Law" even by extending the current Diet session for a long period of days, despite the strong demand of the peoples of Korea and Japan and the protest of the peoples of the world, show fully the criminal nature of the design of the Japanese Government which is frantically trying to intensify suppression and persecution of Korean citizens in Japan.

All the Korean people here resolutely oppose and reject the criminal machinations of the Japanese Government to further strengthen its suppression of Korean citizens here by cooking up the fascist evil laws by resorting to vicious tactics and employing forcible means, and scathingly denounce its acts in the name of justice and humanitarianism.

As already known widely before the world, the "Immigration and Emigration Control Bill" and the "Foreigners' School Bill" the Japanese Government is trying to enact, are criminal in content as they are designed to suppress and persecute Korean citizens here and trample underfoot more barbarously all their democratic, national rights.

These evil laws are prompted by the fascist designs to deprive Koreans of their rights and force a slavish life on Korean citizens here who account for 90 per cent of the foreigners residing here and their future generations, and by a heinous political intrigue to prevent the unification of their fatherland and suppress all the patriotic activities of Koreans here.

On July 16, the Japanese Government which is perpetrating the suppression and persecution of Korean people here dispatched armed police to raid houses and offices of Korean compatriots residing in Fukuoka, Tokyo and Osaka, Japan, and arrested and detained seven compatriots on trumped-up charges of "violation" of the "Immigration and Emigration Control Act," "illegal protection of a youth who smuggled from South Korea" and the like. Thus, the Japanese Government authorities have recently become all the more undisguised in their bestial outrages against Korean citizens here.

The heinous machinations of the Japanese Government to cook up the "Immigration and Emigration Control Law" and the "Foreigners' School Law" are an open expression of the policy of discrimination and suppression of Korean citizens here and of trampling underfoot more viciously all their democratic, national rights.

And they are also part of its heinous attempt to actively take part in the new war provocation manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialists and promote the militarization and fascistization of Japan.

This is shown clearly by the fact that the Japanese Government authorities have unilaterally sabotaged the repatriation operation of Korean citizens here for more than one year and a half, machinating to fabricate quickly as never before these evil laws, in keeping with the intensification of the new war provocation manoeuvres by the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, their stooges.

Tens of thousands of representatives of broad strata of the Japanese people, including political parties, social organizations, noted lawyers and scholars, and men of culture are visiting the Japanese Government authorities almost daily strongly demanding that their Government immediately withdraw the "Immigration and Emigration Control Bill" and the "Foreigners' School Bill."

Many local assemblies, including the Tokyo Metropolitan Assembly, Kyoto and Osaka Prefectural Assemblies, over 70 in all, have adopted resolutions and written opinions opposing the formulation of the "Immigration and Emigration Control Bill."

The Japanese Government cannot cover the criminal nature of the "Immigration and Emigration Control Bill" and the "Foreigners' School Bill" by any means, nor can it ever evade their legal and moral obligation to guarantee national rights for Koreans here.

Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people said as follows:

"No suppression and persecution whatsoever by the Japanese authorities can ever check the just struggle of the Korean citizens in Japan for their democratic national rights and for the unification of the fatherland. The persecution and suppression being intensified every day by the Japanese authorities against the Korean citizens in Japan will only arouse still greater national indignation on the part of the entire Korean people, and this unjust act will be checked after all."

The Japanese Government ought to bear the legal and moral responsibility for guaranteeing democratic national rights for the Korean citizens here in the light of the historical facts, international law and international practices.

The Japanese Government must give up at once cooking up the "Immigration and Emigration Control Law" and the "Foreigners' School Law," stop all the persecution and descrimination of Koreans in Japan and unconditionally ensure all their national rights including their rights to residence and national education and resume repatriation operation immediately.

Enjoying the positive support of the broad strata of Japanese people and peoples of various countries of the world, the CHONGRYUN workers and Koreans here will smash the criminal "Immigration and Emigration Control Bill" and defend their rights to residence and national education to the end.

DPRK Foreign Office Spokesman Flays Japan Gov't. for Suppressive Manoeuvres against CHONGRYUN And Koreans in Japan

PYONGYANG, July 27 (KCNA)— A spokesman of the Foreign Ministry of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea issued a statement on July 27 in connection with the recent intensified persecution and repression of Korean citizens in Japan and functionaries of CHONGRYUN (the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan) by the Japanese militarists.

The statement reads:

Lately the Japanese militarists are further intensifying persecution and repression of Korean citizens in Japan and functionaries of CHONGRYUN.

On July 16 the Japanese police authorities illegally arrested and detained many Korean citizens and functionaries of CHONGRYUN in Fukuoka, Tokyo and Osaka on preposterous charges of socalled "violation" of the "Immigration Control Act," "offering shelter to a youth who smuggled from South Korea" and the like and particularly in Fukuoka they perpetrated the atrocious act of raiding and searching at random houses and offices of Korean citizens by mobilizing hundreds of armed policemen.

The Japanese police authorities who arrested and detained in the "Omura Camp" an 18-year-old boy in February last as a "smuggler" from South Korea are kicking up such repressive racket against Korean citizens in Japan and functionaries of CHONGRYUN by cooking up a non-existent "case" with the socalled "confession" which they coaxed the boy to make.

This is one more naked expression of the hostile policy toward the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and a link in the vicious manoeuvres of the Sato Government of Japan to wreck the CHONGRYUN organization and suppress and stamp out the democratic, national rights of the Korean citizens in Japan.

The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the entire Korean people sternly denounce with surging indignation the crime of the Japanese Government designed to wreck the CHONGRYUN organization, wantonly infringing upon the democratic, national rights of the Korean citizens in Japan.

The Japanese militarists are intensifying the suppression of CHONGRYUN and Korean citizens in Japan at a time when the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique are resorting to the vicious, fascist repression of South Korean revolutionaries and patriotic people, while running amuck in the preparations for a new war against the northern half of the Republic. This glaringly shows that they have embarked more openly upon the road of crimes against the Korean people.

Today the Japanese militarists, while stepping up their political, economic and military infiltration into South Korea by zealously partaking in the U.S. imperialist policies of aggression and war, are intensifying their persecution and suppression of CHONGRYUN and Korean citizens in Japan in conspiracy with the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique.

The reactionary ruling circles of Japan are blocking the repatriation of the Korean citizens in Japan to their homeland and their freedom of travel to and from it, imposing upon them the puppet "ROK nationality" and feverishly working to manufacture the "Immigration Control Law," a fascist evil law, to arbitrarily suppress the Korean citizens in Japan.

With nothing, however, can the Sato Government of Japan justify its fascist suppressive acts against CHONGRYUN and Korean citizens in Japan.

The Japanese Government is under the legal and moral obligation to protect the Korean citizens in Japan, the legitimate overseas citizens of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, as foreigners in accordance with international law and international usage and guarantee them all their democratic, national rights.

The Japanese authorities must discontinue at once their suppressive manoeuvres against CHONGRYUN and Korean citizens in Japan and release without delay the illegally arrested and detained Korean citizens in Japan and functionaries of CHONGRYUN.

No suppression and persecution by the Japanese authorities can ever hold in check the just struggle of the Korean citizens in Japan for democratic, national rights and national unification. The daily intensified persecution and suppression of the Korean citizens in Japan by the Japanese militarists will evoke greater national indignation among the entire Korean people and such unwarranted act is bound to be curbed by the resolute struggle of the peoples of Korea and Japan.

If the Japanese Government, defying the repeated warnings of the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the strong opposition of the peoples of Korea and Japan, persist in criminal act of trampling underfoot the democratic, national rights of the Korean citizens in Japan, clinging to its hostile policy towards the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, it will be held wholly responsible for all the consequences arising therefrom.

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